



Suryoday Small Finance Bank Ltd
Navi Mumbai

Liquidity Coverage Ratio - June 2021

		Quarter ended June 30, 2021 (in millions)	
Particular		Total unweighted value *	Total weighted value *
High quality liquid assets			
1	Total high quality liquid assets		21,420
Cash outflows			
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which	18,818	1,882
(i)	Stable deposits	0	0
(ii)	Less stable deposits	18,818	1,882
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	9,685	7,614
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0	0
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	2,478	408
(iii)	Unsecured debt	7,206	7,206
4	Secured wholesale funding		526
5	Additional requirements, of which:	0	0
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	0	0
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	0	0
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	0	0
6	Other contractual funding obligations	4,407	1,567
7	Other contingent funding obligations	0	0
8	Total Cash Outflows		11,589
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	5,837	0
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	3,935	2,711
11	Other cash inflows	1,367	683
12	Total Cash Inflows		3,394
13	Total HQLA		21,420
14	Total Net Cash Outflows		8,194
15	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)		261.4%

Note * The weighted value and unweighted value are calculated by monthly simple average for the quarter.

Qualitative:

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a global minimum standard for Banks' Liquidity Risk Management. It aims to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) that can be converted into cash easily and immediately to meet its liquidity needs for the next 30 calendar day liquidity stress scenario.

The LCR is a ratio of Bank's High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to the estimated net outflows over next 30 calendar day period of significant stress. The Bank's HQLA mainly consists of Level 1 Assets comprising of excess of SLR balances, the extent allowed under the Marginal Standing Facility (MSF) and Facility to Avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio (FALLCR). Additionally, cash, balances in excess of cash reserve requirement with RBI also form part of Level 1 HQLA. Level 2 HQLA primarily consists of corporate bonds, debentures, commercial papers issued by non-financial institutions which are rated AA- and above as Level 2A and rated BBB- to A+, as level 2B, respectively, considered at prescribed haircuts.

Cash outflows are calculated by applying RBI prescribed outflow factors to the various categories or types of liabilities by the outflow run-off rates and cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in.

The minimum LCR required to be maintained for the current year from 01 April'21 is 100%. The LCR requirement was revised as per RBI announcement of 17 April 2020:

Mandatory LCR Requirement (as announced by RBI on 17 Apr'20)	
With effect from:	Commercial Banks
17 April'20 - 30 Sep'20	80%
01 Oct'20-31 Mar'21	90%
01 Apr'21 Onwards	100%