



**Suryoday Small Finance Bank Ltd**  
Navi Mumbai

### Liquidity Coverage Ratio - September 2018

		Quarter ended September 30, 2018 ( in millions)	
Particular		Total unweighted value *	Total unweighted value *
<b>High quality liquid assets</b>			
1	Total high-quality liquid assets		3,090
<b>Cash outflows</b>			
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which	3,186	319
(i)	Stable deposits	-	-
(ii)	Less stable deposits	3,186	319
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	2907	1180
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	1,608	161
(iii)	Unsecured debt	1,299	1,019
4	Secured wholesale funding		672
5	Additional requirements, of which:	201	201
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	201	201
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-
6	Other contractual funding obligations	666	614
7	Other contingent funding obligations	3	0
<b>8</b>	<b>Total Cash Outflows</b>		<b>2,987</b>
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	170	0
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	2,185	1,420
11	Other cash inflows	56	39
<b>12</b>	<b>Total Cash Inflows</b>	<b>2,411</b>	<b>1,459</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Total HQLA</b>		<b>3,090</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Total Net Cash Outflows</b>		<b>1,527</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>Liquidity coverage ratio (%)</b>		<b>202</b>

Note \* The weighted value and unweighted value are calculated by monthly simple average for the quarter.

**Qualitative :**

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a global minimum standard for Banks' Liquidity Risk Management. It aims to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) that can be converted into cash easily and immediately to meet its liquidity needs for the next 30 calendar day liquidity stress scenario.

The LCR is a ratio of Bank's High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to the estimated net outflows over next 30 calendar day period of significant stress. The Bank's HQLA mainly consists of Level 1 Assets comprising of excess of SLR balances, the extent allowed under the Marginal Standing Facility (MSF) and Facility to Avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio (FALLCR). Additionally, cash, balances in excess of cash reserve requirement with RBI also form part of Level 1 HQLA. Level 2 HQLA primarily consists of corporate bonds, debentures, commercial papers issued by non-financial institutions which are rated AA- and above as Level 2A and rated BBB- to A+, as level 2B, respectively, considered at prescribed haircuts.

Cash outflows are calculated by applying RBI prescribed outflow factors to the various categories or types of liabilities by the outflow run-off rates and cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in.

Till December 31, 2018, the minimum LCR requirement is 70% and to be computed as by monthly simple average for the quarter.