

Suryoday Small Finance Bank Ltd Navi Mumbai

Liquidity Coverage Ratio - Sep 2021

		Quarter ended Sep 30, 2021 (in millions)	
Particular		Total unweighted value *	Total weighted value *
High quality liquid assets			
1	Total high quality liquid assets		18,754
Cash outflows			
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small	20,251	2,025
	business customers, of which		
(i)	Stable deposits	0	0
(ii)	Less stable deposits	20,251	2,025
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	7,991	5,941
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0	0
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	2,417	368
(iii)	Unsecured debt	5,574	5,574
4	Secured wholesale funding		634
5	Additional requirements, of which:	0	0
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	0	0
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	0	0
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	0	0
6	Other contractual funding obligations	4,146	2,208
7	Other contingent funding obligations	0	0
8	Total Cash Outflows		10,809
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	3,105	0
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	3,154	1,996
11	Other cash inflows	1,622	811
12	Total Cash Inflows		2,807
13	Total HQLA		18,754
14	Total Net Cash Outflows		8,002
15	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)		234.37%

Note The weighted value and unweighted value are calculated by monthly simple average for the quarter.



Qualitative:

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a global minimum standard for Banks' Liquidity Risk Management. It aims to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) that can be converted into cash easily and immediately to meet its liquidity needs for the next 30 calendar day liquidity stress scenario.

The LCR is a ratio of Bank's High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to the estimated net outflows over next 30 calendar day period of significant stress. The Bank's HQLA mainly consists of Level 1 Assets comprising of excess of SLR balances, the extent allowed under the Marginal Standing Facility (MSF) and Facility to Avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio (FALLCR). Additionally, cash, balances in excess of cash reserve requirement with RBI also form part of Level 1 HQLA. Level 2 HQLA primarily consists of corporate bonds, debentures, commercial papers issued by non-financial institutions which are rated AA- and above as Level 2A and rated BBB- to A+, as level 2B, respectively, considered at prescribed haircuts.

Cash outflows are calculated by applying RBI prescribed outflow factors to the various categories or types of liabilities by the outflow run-off rates and cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in.

The minimum LCR required to be maintained for the current year from 01 April'21 is 100%. The LCR requirement was revised as per RBI announcement of 17 April 2020:

Mandatory LCR Requirement (as announced by RBI on 17 Apr'20)			
With effect from:	Commercial Banks		
17 April'20 - 30 Sep'20	80%		
01 Oct'20-31 Mar'21	90%		
01 Apr'21 Onwards	100%		